A Bill to Require Public Schools to Provide a Free Lunch to All Students

Be it enacted by the Congress here assembled that:

1. **SECTION 1.** All public schools in the United States shall provide all students with free lunch.

2. **SECTION 2.** The free lunches students receive will contain a form of protein, a fruit, a vegetable, and milk or water prepared by the school.

3. a. Schools providing lunches shall be both public and federally funded.

4. b. Extra items, such as chips, yogurt, extra fruit, etc., should be available for purchase and are not required for students as a part of their free lunch.

5. **SECTION 3.** The United States Education Department will oversee the enforcement of this bill. Failure to provide lunches to all students will result in a 5% decrease in the school’s federal funding for the school year.

6. **SECTION 4.** The Department of Education will report to the Department of Treasury for funding. Needed funds will come out of the United States military budget.

7. **SECTION 5.** All public schools in the United States must comply to the terms of this bill by the start of the 2021 school year.

8. **SECTION 6.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully submitted,

Kaitlyn Pixley, Utica Academy for International Studies
Generating Oversight on Afghanistan Transgression (G.O.A.T) Act of 2018

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1.

A. The United States shall send 500 million dollars in on-budget humanitarian aid to Afghanistan annually until January 1, 2025.

B. SIGAR’s annual budget shall be increased by 30 million dollars.

SECTION 2.

A. On-budget aid shall be defined as aid channelled through a recipient country’s budget processes and government systems.

B. Aid shall be defined as 50% education and social services. The other 50% shall be used in supporting the Afghanistan National Peace and Development Framework and supporting their National Priority Programs.

C. SIGAR shall be defined as the Special Inspector General for Afghanistan Reconstruction Government Office.

SECTION 3.

A. The Department of State shall enforce the provisions of this legislation.

B. Funding for this will be taken from current foreign aid being sent to NGOs working in Afghanistan from USAID.

SECTION 4. This legislation shall be implemented on January 1st, 2020.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Senator Connor Brezenski, Independent Affiliate
A Resolution to prohibit private prisons

1 Whereas, The United States federal government has already barred the use of private contractors to
operate penal institutions (or “private prisons”); and

2 WHEREAS, States and local jurisdictions continue to use these contractors to run private prisons; and

3 WHEREAS, These private prisons provide minimal funding of services and staff; and

4 WHEREAS, Minimum funding places prisoners at greater risk than in government-run facilities; and

5 WHEREAS, Minimum funding also denies private prisons the ability to provide adequate rehabilitation
programs to prevent recidivism; now

6 THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, by the Congress here assembled, that states and local jurisdictions shall
follow the example of the United States federal government and bar the use of private contractors to

7 operate penal institution.

Respectfully Submitted by

Sen. Portinga and Sen. Wilson
Grand Rapids City High School
A Bill to Amend the Voting Rights Act to Provide Accessibility

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. Section 203 (c) of the Voting Rights Act of 1965 is amended by striking all references to “English-illiteracy rate higher than the national average” and shall mandate that all materials provided to voters shall be made available in Spanish and any other language which is spoken by at least 5% of the population of that voting area.

SECTION 2. “Materials provided to voters” shall include ballots, voter information pamphlets, applications, instructions at polling sites, mailings to identify polling sites,

SECTION 3. The Department of Justice will oversee all provisions related to language accessibility issues. The deliberate failure of a state to adhere to these regulations shall cause that state to be in violation of section 2 of the Voting Rights Act, and shall subject the state to penalties to be determined by the Department of Justice.

SECTION 4. This shall take effect on January 2, 2019.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

[Neutral Sponsorship]
A Resolution to Acknowledge Sanctuary Cities

WHEREAS, the subject of “Sanctuary Cities” has become an important issue to the current administration; and

WHEREAS, Sanctuary Cities are defined as an urban area where the local law enforcement does not follow federal immigration guidelines with respect to detaining suspected undocumented immigrants; and

WHEREAS, Cities which hold these policies choose to do so because they feel that it will make their cities safer by reducing fear of local law enforcement officials; and

WHEREAS, there is no appreciable increase in crime in an area designated as a Sanctuary City; and

WHEREAS, undocumented immigrants are more likely to come forward and cooperate with local law enforcement due to this understanding; and

WHEREAS, such areas may even see an economic benefit from a larger available workforce due to a greater pool of potential workers who will take low-wage jobs; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED, By the Congress here assembled that the United States federal government should stop attempting to force local law enforcement compliance with federal immigration laws in cities which have chosen a Sanctuary status.

[Neutral Sponsorship]
A Bill to Replace NAFTA With the USMTR

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. The North American Free Trade Agreement is considered invalid, and shall be replaced by the United States-Mexico Trade Agreement.

SECTION 2. This agreement shall retain most of the basic tenets as NAFTA, however, specific differences in this agreement include:

A. The government of Mexico must pass legislation which adheres to the United Nations standards for worker rights, including the right to real union representation.

B. Mexico must increase the amount of United States manufactured car parts by 20%, or cars assembled in Mexico will be subject to a 25% import tariff.

C. A minimum of 40% of cars manufactured in Mexico intended for export to the United States must be built in a factory where the minimum wage is $16 an hour.

SECTION 3. The United States Trade Representative shall oversee final implementation of this agreement and shall coordinate with the government of Mexico to insure compliance with section 2.

SECTION 4. This shall take effect on March 1, 2019.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

[Neutral Sponsorship]
A Bill to Fix Puerto Rico’s Concerns

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. Puerto Rico shall be granted full statehood.

SECTION 2. Initial representation in Congress will consist of two senators and one representative, with proportional representation to be determined by the 202 census results.

SECTION 3. The Department of Treasury shall immediately discharge Puerto Rican debt related to pension liabilities and bonds. Additionally, the Federal Emergency Management Agency shall make $100 billion available for rebuilding infrastructure and utilities.

SECTION 4. This shall take effect on January 1, 2020.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

[Neutral Sponsorship]
An Amendment to the Fair Housing Act

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968 is amended by adding “citizenship status,” after “familial status,” whenever it appears to describe a protected class. Retaliation upon a member of this protected class, including threats to notify Immigration and Customs Enforcement, shall be considered the same as retaliation against any other protected class under this act.

SECTION 2. “Citizenship status” refers to legal status within the country, whether documented or undocumented.

SECTION 3. The Department of Housing and Urban Development shall enforce this definition. The Department shall have the power to sanction property owners for violations of section one using the same penalties as prescribed for other violations of Title VIII.

SECTION 4. This shall take effect immediately upon passage.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

[Neutral Sponsorship]
The Comprehensive Immigration Reform Act of 2018

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. Individuals currently residing in the United States without proper documentation or authorization shall be permitted to apply for citizenship provided that they meet the following conditions:

A. They have previously met the qualifications for the Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals program, or

B. They can demonstrate that they have resided in the United States for ten consecutive years, have not been arrested for any crime, and have paid all applicable taxes on income earned.

SECTION 2. Upon demonstration of the above, the person may apply for citizenship following the process currently in place.

SECTION 3. Fees for this form of citizenship application shall be set at $1500 per applicant, with $500 of that fee placed in an account for the purpose of strengthening border security.

SECTION 4. The Department of Homeland Security, through Immigration and Customs Enforcement, shall oversee implementation of this legislation.

SECTION 5. This shall take ninety days after passage.

SECTION 6. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
A Bill to Reform the Census

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. All questions on the 2020 Census shall be reviewed by an independent commission to determine if each question is both relevant to the mission of the census and will encourage, rather than discourage, participation in the census. Any question which does not meet both requirements shall be discarded from the Census form.

SECTION 2. The independent commission shall be compromised of individuals appointed by members of the Senate and House Appropriations Committees.

SECTION 3. The United States Census Bureau will receive the results of the independent commission’s report and shall adjust the 2020 Census as deemed necessary. In the event that the USCB cannot adequately change the questions on the census prior to September 1, 2019, the decennial census shall be delayed until 2021.

SECTION 4. This shall take effect immediately upon passage.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

[Neutral Sponsorship]
Congressional Revolving Door Ban Act

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. No individual serving as a Member of Congress on or after the date of enactment of this Act shall, upon the completion of the Member's term of office, accept compensation for offering any advice or engaging in written or oral communication with regard to— (1) formulation, modification, or adoption of Federal legislation (including legislative proposals); (2) formulation, modification, or adoption of a Federal rule, regulation, Executive order, or any other program, policy, or position of the United States Government; (3) administration or execution of a Federal program or policy (including the negotiation, award, or administration of a Federal contract, grant, loan, permit, or license); (4) nomination or confirmation of an individual for a position subject to confirmation by the Senate; or (5) representation of any party in a pending matter involving the Federal Government before a Federal court or in a Federal administrative proceeding.

SECTION 2. Exception: §1 shall not apply to full-time employment by or elected service in Federal, State, or local government, unless the activities described in that subsection constitute a primary responsibility of employment.

SECTION 3. Penalty: Whoever violates this section shall be fined the greater of not greater than $1,000,000 or the value of the compensation received by the individual, imprisoned for not more than 5 years, or both.

SECTION 4. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

[Neutral Sponsorship]

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the National Speech & Debate Association (October 2018 docket); adapted from S.3454, 115th Congress (2017-2018) by Rep. Ben Sasse (R-NE).
A RESOLUTION TO URGE FURTHER ACTION ON THE LEGALIZATION OF MARIJUANA

1. WHEREAS, marijuana is not legalized, leads to unfair targeting, and causes potential death from poor quality;

2. WHEREAS, many people are dying when it is laced with unknown substances;

3. WHEREAS, many people are being incarcerated for a drug that unfairly targets people of color;

4. WHEREAS, crime would decrease and prisons would become less crowded if marijuana is legalized;

5. WHEREAS, legalizing marijuana would help create new industries across the United States;

6. WHEREAS, legalizing marijuana would increase our economic stability;

7. WHEREAS, legalizing marijuana would allow for new jobs to be created;

8. RESOLVED, by this Congress that: The United States should legalize marijuana on a national level.

Introduced by Saline High School